

### Oppgave 6.3.13:

Rammen består av parabellen  $x = 4y^2$  for  $0 \leq x \leq a$  og linjestykket langs  $x = a$  som har lengde  $2|y| = 2\sqrt{\frac{a}{4}} = \sqrt{a}$ .

I oppgave 9 fant vi at  $a = \frac{5}{3}$ .

Lengden av kurven  $y = \sqrt{\frac{x}{4}}$  for  $0 \leq x \leq \frac{5}{3}$  er  $\int_{x=0}^{\frac{5}{3}} ds$  der  $ds = \sqrt{dx^2 + dy^2} = \sqrt{1 + y'(x)^2} dx = \sqrt{1 + \left(\frac{1}{2\sqrt{2x}}\right)^2} dx$ , altså

$$\begin{aligned} &> \text{int}\left(\text{sqrt}\left(1 + \frac{1}{8 \cdot x}\right), x=0..\frac{5}{3}\right) \\ &\quad -\frac{1}{32} \ln(2) - \frac{1}{16} \ln(3) + \frac{1}{16} \ln(83\sqrt{2} + 8\sqrt{215}) + \frac{1}{12} \sqrt{2} \sqrt{215} \end{aligned} \quad (1)$$

$$\begin{aligned} &> \text{simplify}(\%) \\ &\quad -\frac{1}{32} \ln(2) - \frac{1}{16} \ln(3) + \frac{1}{16} \ln(83\sqrt{2} + 8\sqrt{215}) + \frac{1}{12} \sqrt{2} \sqrt{215} \end{aligned} \quad (2)$$

$$\begin{aligned} &> \text{evalf}(\%) \\ &\quad 1.978852325 \end{aligned} \quad (3)$$

Lengden av rammen er derfor

$$\begin{aligned} &> 2 \cdot 1.978852325 + \text{sqrt}\left(\frac{5}{3}\right) \\ &\quad 3.957704650 + \frac{1}{3} \sqrt{15} \end{aligned} \quad (4)$$

$$\begin{aligned} &> \text{evalf}(\%) \\ &\quad 5.248699099 \end{aligned} \quad (5)$$

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